according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Lead(II) carbonate ≥98 %, p.a., ACS

article number: 2558 date of compilation: 2017-01-24 Version: **2.0 en** Revision: 2022-03-10

Replaces version of: 2017-01-24

Version: (1)



Product identifier 1.1

Identification of the substance **Lead(II) carbonate** ≥98 %, p.a., ACS

Article number 2558

Registration number (REACH) It is not required to list the identified uses be-

cause the substance is not subject to registration

according to REACH (< 1 t/a).

Index number in CLP Annex VI 082-001-00-6 EC number 209-943-4 CAS number 598-63-0

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact

with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes

(household).

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet 1.3

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data :Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

sicherheit@carlroth.de e-mail (competent person):

1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
National Poisons Information Service City Hospital	Dudley Rd	B187QH Birmingham	844 892 0111	

United Kingdom (en) Page 1 / 22

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



article number: 2558



SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.10	Acute toxicity (oral)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H302
3.1I	Acute toxicity (inhal.)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H332
3.7	Reproductive toxicity	1A	Repr. 1A	H360Df
3.9	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	2	STOT RE 2	H373
4.1A	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard	1	Aquatic Acute 1	H400
4.1C	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	1	Aquatic Chronic 1	H410

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure. Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Signal word Danger

Pictograms

GHS07, GHS08, GHS09







Hazard statements

H302+H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled

H360Df May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P273 Avoid release to the environment P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection

Precautionary statements - response

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P330 Rinse mouth

For professional users only

United Kingdom (en) Page 2 / 22

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Lead(II) carbonate ≥98 %, p.a., ACS

article number: 2558

Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml

Signal word: Danger

Symbol(s)







H360Df May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.

P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 **Substances**

Name of substance Lead(II) carbonate

Molecular formula PbCO₃

Molar mass 267,2 g/_{mol}

CAS No 598-63-0

EC No 209-943-4

Index No 082-001-00-6

Substance, Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors, ATE

Specific Conc. Limits	M-Factors	ATE	Exposure route
Repr. 1A; H360D: C ≥ 0,3 % Repr. 2; H361f: C ≥ 2,5 % STOT RE 2; H373: C ≥ 0,5 %	-	500 ^{mg} / _{kg} 1,5 ^{mg} / _l /4h	oral inhalation: dust/ mist

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 **Description of first aid measures**



General notes

Take off contaminated clothing.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower.

Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

United Kingdom (en) Page 3 / 22

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Lead(II) carbonate ≥98 %, p.a., ACS

article number: 2558



Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible). Call a doctor.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Delayed effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure, Vomiting, Nausea, Intestinal colic, Renal impairment, Liver and kidney damage

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings water, foam, dry extinguishing powder, ABC-powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non-combustible.

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe dust.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

United Kingdom (en) Page 4 / 22

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Lead(II) carbonate ≥98 %, p.a., ACS

article number: 2558



Take up mechanically. Control of dust.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid exposure. Avoid dust formation.

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Removal of dust deposits.

Measures to protect the environment

Avoid release to the environment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a cool place. Store in a dry place.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Consideration of other advice:

Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted. Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifi- er	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
EU	lead compounds		IOELV	0,15				98/24/EC
GB	lead compounds		OEL-NIR	0,15			Pb	CLWR-NIR
GB	lead compounds		OEL	0,15			Pb	CLWR

United Kingdom (en) Page 5 / 22



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Lead(II) carbonate ≥98 %, p.a., ACS

article number: 2558

Notation

Ceiling-C Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

Calculated as Pb (lead)

STEL Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-

minute period (unless otherwise specified) Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 TWA

hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

Biological limit values

Coun	Name of agent	CAS No	Parameter	Nota tion	Identi- fier	Value	Material	Source
GB	lead compounds		lead	Pb- bio-2, Pb- med- 2, wmn< 45y	AL_NIR	250 μg/l	whole blood	CLWR- NIR
GB	lead compounds		lead	Pb- bio-2, Pb- med- 2, wmn< 45y	AL	250 μg/l	whole blood	CLWR
GB	lead compounds		lead	Pb- bio-2, Pb- med- 3, wmn> 45y, men	AL_NIR	400 μg/l	whole blood	CLWR- NIR
GB	lead compounds		lead	Pb- bio-2, Pb- med- 3, wmn> 45y, men	AL	400 μg/l	whole blood	CLWR
GB	lead compounds		lead	Pb- bio-2, Pb- med- 4, young	AL_NIR	500 μg/l	whole blood	CLWR- NIR
GB	lead compounds		lead	Pb- bio-2, Pb- med- 4, young	AL	500 μg/l	whole blood	CLWR

Notation

Biological monitoring: (a) in respect of an employee other than a young person or a woman of reproductive capacity, at least every 6 months, but where the results of the measurements for individuals or for groups of workers have shown on the previous two consecutive occasions on which monitoring was carried out a lead in air exposure greater than 0.075 mg/m³ but less than 0.100 mg/m³ and where the blood-lead concentration of any individual employee is less than 30 µg/dl, the frequency of monitoring may be reduced to once a year; or (b) in respect of Ph-hio-2 any young person or a woman of reproductive capacity, at such intervals as the relevant doctor shall specify, being not greater than 3 months

Medical surveillance: in respect of a woman of reproductive capacity, 20 g/dl (blood-lead concentration) or 20 g Pb/g creatinine (urinary lead concentration) Medical surveillance: in respect of any other employee, 35 μ g/dl (blood-lead concentration) or 40 μ g Pb/g creatin-Ph-med-2

Pb-med-3 ine (urinary lead concentration)

suspension level: in respect of a woman of reproductive capacity, $60~\mu g/dl$ (blood-lead concentration) or 110 μg Pb/g creatinine (urinary lead concentration)

United Kingdom (en) Page 6 / 22

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Lead(II) carbonate ≥98 %, p.a., ACS

article number: 2558

Notation

Pb-med-4 Medical surveillance: in respect of any other employee, 35 μg/dl (blood-lead concentration) or 40 μg Pb/g creatin-

ine (urinary lead concentration)

suspension level: in respect of a young person, 50 µg/dl (blood-lead concentration) or 110 µg Pb/g creatinine (ur-

inary lead concentration)

wmn<45y

wmn>45y, men

Women of reproductive capacity (women < 45 years)
Women of non-reproductive capacity, men (women > 45 years)

Adolescents (young person < 18 years) young

8.2 **Exposure controls**

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection





Use safety goggle with side protection.

Skin protection



hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

material thickness

>0.11 mm

breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Respiratory protection





Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). P3 (filters at least 99,95 % of airborne particles, colour code: White).

Environmental exposure controls

Page 7 / 22 United Kingdom (en)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Lead(II) carbonate ≥98 %, p.a., ACS

article number: 2558

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state solid
Form powder
Colour whitish
Odour odourless

Melting point/freezing point 315 °C (slow decomposition)

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling not determined

range

Flammability non-combustible
Lower and upper explosion limit not determined
Flash point not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature not determined

Decomposition temperature 300 °C

pH (value) 5,8 (in aqueous solution: 50 ^g/_l, 20 °C) (suspen-

sion)

Kinematic viscosity not relevant

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility (practically insoluble)

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): not relevant (inorganic)

Vapour pressure not determined

Density and/or relative density

Density $6,6 \, {}^{9}/_{cm^3}$ at 20 ${}^{\circ}$ C

Relative vapour density information on this property is not available

Bulk density $\sim 1.300 \, \text{kg/m}^3$

Particle characteristics No data available.

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

United Kingdom (en) Page 8 / 22

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Lead(II) carbonate ≥98 %, p.a., ACS

article number: 2558

Information with regard to physical hazard

classes:

Other safety characteristics:

hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant

There is no additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material is not reactive under normal ambient conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser, Strong acid, Fluorine, Nitric acid

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat. Decompostion takes place from temperatures above: 300 °C.

10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled.

Acute toxicity

Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
oral	Lo	571 ^{mg} / _{kg}	human		TOXNET

Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.

United Kingdom (en) Page 9 / 22



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

ROTH

Lead(II) carbonate ≥98 %, p.a., ACS

article number: 2558

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

Liver and kidney damage

• If in eyes

causes slight to moderate irritation

If inhaled

Data are not available.

• If on skin

Data are not available.

Other information

Renal impairment, Nausea, Vomiting, Intestinal colic

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not listed.

11.3 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Biodegradation

The methods for determining the biological degradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

12.2 Process of degradability

Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 0,1647 mg/mg

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not listed.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

United Kingdom (en) Page 10 / 22

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Lead(II) carbonate ≥98 %, p.a., ACS

article number: 2558



SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process. Waste catalogue ordinance (Germany).

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	UN number	or ID number
17.1		or in individu

ADRRID	UN 3077
IMDG-Code	UN 3077
ICAO-TI	UN 3077

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADRRID	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE,
	SOLID, N.O.S.

IMDG-Code ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE,

SOLID, N.O.S.

ICAO-TI Environmentally hazardous substance, solid,

n.o.s.

Technical name Lead(II) carbonate

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADRRID	9
IMDG-Code	9
ICAO-TI	9

14.4 Packing group

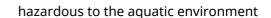
ADRRID	III
IMDG-Code	III
ICAO-TI	III

United Kingdom (en) Page 11 / 22

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Lead(II) carbonate ≥98 %, p.a., ACS

article number: 2558



14.6 Special precautions for user

14.5 Environmental hazards

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN) - Additional information

Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE,

SOLID, N.O.S.

Particulars in the transport document UN3077, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUB-

STANCE, SOLID, N.O.S., (Lead(II) carbonate), 9, III,

(-)

Classification code M7

Danger label(s) 9, "Fish and tree"

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Special provisions (SP) 274, 335, 375, 601

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1
Limited quantities (LQ) 5 kg
Transport category (TC) 3
Tunnel restriction code (TRC) Hazard identification No 90

Emergency Action Code 2Z

Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID)Additional information

Classification code 9

Danger label(s) 9

Fish and tree

Environmental hazards Yes

Hazardous to water

Special provisions (SP) 274, 335, 375, 601

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1

Limited quantities (LQ) 5 kg

Transport category (TC) 3

Hazard identification No 90

United Kingdom (en) Page 12 / 22



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Lead(II) carbonate ≥98 %, p.a., ACS

article number: 2558



Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE,

SOLID, N.O.S.

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN3077, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUB-

STANCE, SOLID, N.O.S., (Lead(II) carbonate), 9, III

Marine pollutant yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment), (Lead(II) carbon-

ate)

Danger label(s) 9, "Fish and tree"

Special provisions (SP) 274, 335, 966, 967, 969

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1
Limited quantities (LQ) 5 kg
EmS F-A, S-F

Stowage category A

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name Environmentally hazardous substance, solid,

n.o.s.

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN3077, Environmentally hazardous substance,

solid, n.o.s., (Lead(II) carbonate), 9, III

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 9, "Fish and tree"

₩<

Special provisions (SP) A97, A158, A179, A197, A215

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1

Limited quantities (LQ) 30 kg

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII

Dangerous substances with restrictions (REACH, Annex XVII)

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Restriction	No
Lead(II) carbonate	toxic for reproduction		R28-30	30
Lead(II) carbonate	substances in tattoo inks and permanent make-up		R75	75
Lead(II) carbonate	lead compounds		R63	63
Lead(II) carbonate	lead compounds		R72	72

United Kingdom (en) Page 13 / 22



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Lead(II) carbonate ≥98 %, p.a., ACS

article number: 2558

Legend

R28-30 1. Shall not be placed on the market, or used,

- as substances,
- as constituents of other substances, or,

for supply to the general public when the individual concentration in the substance or mixture is equal to or greater

- either the relevant specific concentration limit specified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, or, - the relevant concentration specified in Directive 1999/45/EC where no specific concentration limit is set out in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Without prejudice to the implementation of other Community provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of such substances and mixtures is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly as follows:

'Restricted to professional users'.

2. By way of derogation, paragraph 1 shall not apply to:
(a) medicinal or veterinary products as defined by Directive 2001/82/EC and Directive 2001/83/EC;
(b) cosmetic products as defined by Directive 76/768/EEC;
(c) the following fuels and oil products:

(c) the following fuels and oil products:

- motor fuels which are covered by Directive 98/70/EC,

mineral oil products intended for use as fuel in mobile or fixed combustion plants,
 fuels sold in closed systems (e.g. liquid gas bottles);
 (d) artists' paints covered by Directive 1999/45/EC;

(e) the substances listed in Appendix 11, column 1, for the applications or uses listed in Appendix 11, column 2. Where a date is specified in column 2 of Appendix 11, the derogation shall apply until the said date; (f) devices covered by Regulation (EU) 2017/745.

United Kingdom (en) Page 14 / 22

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Lead(II) carbonate ≥98 %, p.a., ACS

article number: 2558

Legend

R63

1. Shall not be placed on the market or used in any individual part of jewellery articles if the concentration of lead (expressed as metal) in such a part is equal to or greater than 0,05 % by weight.

2. For the purposes of paragraph 1:

(i) 'jewellery articles' shall include jewellery and imitation jewellery articles and hair accessories, including:

(a) bracelets, necklaces and rings; (b) piercing jewellery; (c) wrist watches and wrist-wear; (d) brooches and cufflinks;

(ii) 'any individual part' shall include the materials from which the jewellery is made, as well as the individual components of the jewellery articles.

3. Paragraph 1 shall also apply to individual parts when placed on the market or used for jewellery-making.

4. By way of derogation, paragraph 1 shall not apply to:

(a) crystal glass as defined in Annex I (categories 1, 2, 3 and 4) to Council Directive 69/493/EEC (14);

(b) internal components of watch timepieces inaccessible to consumers;

(c) non-synthetic or reconstructed precious and semiprecious stones (CN code 7103, as established by Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87), unless they have been treated with lead or its compounds or mixtures containing these substances; (d) enamels, defined as vitrifiable mixtures resulting from the fusion, vitrification or sintering of minerals melted at a temperature of at least 500 °C.

temperature of at least 500 °C.

5. By way of derogation, paragraph 1 shall not apply to jewellery articles placed on the market for the first time before 9 October 2013 and jewellery articles produced before 10 December 1961.

6. By 9 October 2017, the Commission shall re-evaluate paragraphs 1 to 5 of this entry in the light of new scientific information, including the availability of alternatives and the migration of lead from the articles referred to in paragraph 1 and, if appropriate, modify this entry accordingly.

7. Shall not be placed on the market or used in articles supplied to the general public, if the concentration of lead (expressed as metal) in those articles or accessible parts thereof is equal to or greater than 0,05 % by weight, and those articles or accessible parts thereof may, during normal or reasonably foreseeable conditions of use, be placed in the mouth by children.

That limit shall not apply where it can be demonstrated that the rate of lead release from such an article or any such accessible part of an article, whether coated or uncoated, does not exceed 0,05 µg/cm2 per hour (equivalent to 0,05 µg/g/h), and, for coated articles, that the coating is sufficient to ensure that this release rate is not exceeded for a peri-

μg/g/h), and, for coated articles, that the coating is sufficient to ensure that this release rate is not exceeded for a period of at least two years of normal or reasonably foreseeable conditions of use of the article.

For the purposes of this paragraph, it is considered that an article or accessible part of an article may be placed in the mouth by children if it is smaller than 5 cm in one dimension or has a detachable or protruding part of that size.

8. By way of derogation, paragraph 7 shall not apply to:

(a) jewellery articles covered by paragraph 1;

(b) crystal glass as defined in Annex I (categories 1, 2, 3 and 4) to Directive 69/493/EEC;

(c) ponsynthetic or reconstructed precious and semi-precious stopes (CN code 7103 as established by Regulation)

(b) crystal grass as usumed in Annex I (Categories 1, 2, 3 and 4) to Directive 69/493/EEC; (c) non-synthetic or reconstructed precious and semi-precious stones (CN code 7103 as established by Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87) unless they have been treated with lead or its compounds or mixtures containing these substances; (d) enamels, defined as vitrifiable mixtures resulting from the fusion, vitrification or sintering of mineral melted at a temperature of at least 500 °C; (e) keys and locks, including padlocks;

(f) musical instruments; (g) articles and parts of articles comprising brass alloys, if the concentration of lead (expressed as metal) in the brass alloy does not exceed 0,5 % by weight;

(h) the tips of writing instruments;

(i) religious articles; (j) portable zinc-carbon batteries and button cell batteries; (k) articles within the scope of:

(i) Directive 94/62/EC; (ii) Regulation (EC) No 1935/2004;

- (ii) Directive 2009/48/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council (1);
 (iii) Directive 2009/48/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council (2);
 (iv) Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council (2)
 9. By 1 July 2019, the Commission shall re-evaluate paragraphs 7 and 8(e), (f), (i) and (j) of this entry in the light of new scientific information, including the availability of alternatives and the migration of lead from the articles referred to in paragraph 7, including the requirement on coating integrity, and, if appropriate, modify this entry accordingly.

 10. By way of derogation paragraph 7 shall not apply to articles placed on the market for the first time before 1 June
- 11. Doing either of the following acts after 15 February 2023 in or within 100 metres of wetlands is prohibited: (a) discharging gunshot containing a concentration of lead (expressed as metal) equal to or greater than 1 % by

(b) carrying any such gunshot where this occurs while out wetland shooting or as part of going wetland shooting. For the purposes of the first subparagraph:

(a) "within 100 metres of weetlands" means within 100 metres outward from any outer boundary point of a wetland; (b) "wetland shooting" means shooting in or within 100 metres of wetlands; (c) if a person is found carrying gunshot in or within 100 metres of wetlands while out shooting or as part of going shooting, the shooting concerned shall be presumed to be wetland shooting unless that person can demonstrate that it was some other type of shooting.

The restriction laid down in the first subparagraph shall not apply in a Member State if that Member State notifies the Commission in accordance with paragraph 12 that it intends to make use of the option granted by that paragraph.

12. If at least 20 % in total of the territory, excluding the territorial waters, of a Member State are wetlands, that Member State may, in place of the restriction laid down in the first subparagraph of paragraph 11, prohibit the following acts throughout the whole of its territory from 15 February 2024:

(a) the placing on the market of gunshot containing a concentration of lead (expressed as metal) equal to or greater than 1 % by weight;

(b) the discharging of any such gunshot while out shooting or as part of going shooting.

Any Member State intending to make use of the option granted by the first subparagraph shall notify the Commission of this intention by 15 August 2021. The Member State shall communicate the text of the national measures adopted by it to the Commission without delay and in any event by 15 August 2023. The Commission shall make publicly available without delay any such notices of intention and texts of national measures received by it.

13. For the purposes of paragraphs 11 and 12:

(a) "wetlands" means areas of marsh, fen, peatland or water, whether natural or artificial, permanent or temporary,



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Lead(II) carbonate ≥98 %, p.a., ACS

article number: 2558

Legend

with water that is static or flowing, fresh, brackish or salt, including areas of marine water the depth of which at low tide does not exceed 6 metres;

ticle does not exceed a metres;

(b) "gunshot" means pellets used or intended for use in a single charge or cartridge in a shotgun;

(c) "shotgun" means a smooth-bore gun, excluding airguns;

(d) "shooting" means any shooting with a shotgun;

(e) "carrying" means any carrying on the person or carrying or transporting by any other means;

(f) in determining whether a person found with gunshot is carrying gunshot "as part of going shooting":

(i) regard shall be had to all the circumstances of the case;

(ii) the person found with the gunshot person for the case;

(ii) the person found with the gunshot need not necessarily be the same person as the person shooting

(ii) the person found with the gunshot need not necessarily be the same person as the person shooting.

14. Member States may maintain national provisions for protection of the environment or human health in force on 15 February 2021 and restricting lead in gunshot more severely than provided for in paragraph 11.

The Member State shall communicate the text of those national provisions to the Commission without delay. The Commission shall make publicly available without delay any such texts of national provisions received by it.

1. Shall not be placed on the market after 1 November 2020 in any of the following:

(a) clothing or related accessories;

R72

(b) textiles other than clothing which, under normal or reasonably foreseeable conditions of use, come into contact with human skin to an extent similar to clothing;

(c) footwear;

if the clothing, related accessory, textile other than clothing or footwear is for use by consumers and the substance is present in a concentration, measured in homogeneous material, equal to or greater than that specified for that substance in Appendix 12.

2. By way of derogation, in relation to the placing on the market of formaldehyde [CAS No 50-00-0] in jackets, coats or upholstery, the relevant concentration for the purposes of paragraph 1 shall be 300 mg/kg during the period between 1 November 2020 and 1 November 2023. The concentration specified in Appendix 12 shall apply thereafter.

3. Paragraph 1 shall not apply to:

(a) clothing, related accessories or footwear, or parts of clothing, related accessories or footwear, made exclusively of natural leather, fur or hide;

(b) non-textile fasteners and non-textile decorative attachments;

(c) second-hand clothing, related accessories, textiles other than clothing or footwear (d) wall-to-wall carpets and textile floor coverings for indoor use, rugs and runners.

(d) wall-to-wall carpets and textile floor coverings for indoor use, rugs and runners.

4. Paragraph 1 shall not apply to clothing, related accessories, textiles other than clothing, or footwear within the scope of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 of the European Parliament and of the Council (*) or Regulation (EU) 2017/745 of the European Parliament and of the Council (**).

5. Paragraph 1(b) shall not apply to disposable textiles. 'Disposable textiles' means textiles that are designed to be used only once or for a limited time and are not intended for subsequent use for the same or a similar purpose.

6. Paragraphs 1 and 2 shall apply without prejudice to the application of any stricter restrictions set out in this Annex or in other applicable Union legislation.

7. The Commission shall review the exemption in paragraph 3(d) and, if appropriate modify that point accordingly.

or in other applicable Union legislation.
7. The Commission shall review the exemption in paragraph 3(d) and, if appropriate, modify that point accordingly.
(*) Regulation (EU) 2016/425 of the European Parliament and of the Council of of 9 March 2016 on personal protective equipment and repealing Council Directive 89/686/EEC (OJ L 81, 31.3.2016, p. 51).
(**) Regulation (EU) 2017/745 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 April 2017 on medical devices, amending Directive 2001/83/EC, Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 and Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009 and repealing Council Directives 90/385/EEC and 93/42/EEC (OJ L 117, 5.5.2017, p. 1).



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Lead(II) carbonate ≥98 %, p.a., ACS

article number: 2558

Legend

R75

1. Shall not be placed on the market in mixtures for use for tattooing purposes, and mixtures containing any such substances shall not be used for tattooing purposes, after 4 January 2022 if the substance or substances in question is or are present in the following circumstances:

(a) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as carcinogen category

1A, 1B or 2, or germ cell mutagen category 1A, 1B or 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,00005 % by weight; (b) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as reproductive toxicant category 1A, 1B or 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,001 % by weight:

(c) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as skin sensitiser category 1, 1A or 1B, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,001 % by weight;

(d) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as skin corrosive category 1, 1A, 1B or 1C or skin irritant category 2, or as serious eye damage category 1 or eye irritant category 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than:

(i) 0,1 % by weight, if the substance is used solely as a pH regulator

(ií) 0,01 % by weight, in all other cases;

(e) in the case of a substance listed in Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009 (*1), the substance is present in the

(f) in the case of a substance is the invalid in the legislation (EC) No 1223/2009 (17), the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,00005 % by weight;

(f) in the case of a substance for which a condition of one or more of the following kinds is specified in column g (Product type, Body parts) of the table in Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,00005 % by weight:

(i) "Rinse-off products";
(ii) "Not to be used in products applied on mucous membranes";
(iii) "Not to be used in eye products";

(g) in the case of a substance for which a condition is specified in column h (Maximum concentration in ready for use preparation) or column i (Other) of the table in Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration, or in some other way, that does not accord with the condition specified in that column; (h) in the case of a substance listed in Appendix 13 to this Annex, the substance is present in the mixture in a concen-

(n) in the case of a substance listed in Appendix 13 to this Annex, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than the concentration limit specified for that substance in that Appendix.

2. For the purposes of this entry use of a mixture "for tattooing purposes" means injection or introduction of the mixture into a person's skin, mucous membrane or eyeball, by any process or procedure (including procedures commonly referred to as permanent make-up, cosmetic tattooing, micro-blading and micro-pigmentation), with the aim of making a mark or design on his or her body.

3. If a substance not listed in Appendix 13 falls within more than one of points (a) to (g) of paragraph 1, the strictest concentration limit laid down in the points in question shall apply to that substance. If a substance listed in Appendix 13 also falls within one or more of points (a) to (g) of paragraph 1, the concentration limit laid down in point (h) of paragraph 1 shall apply to that substance.

as also falls within one of more of points (a) to (g) of paragraph 1, the concentration limit faid down in point (ii) of paragraph 1 shall apply to that substance.

4. By way of derogation, paragraph 1 shall not apply to the following substances until 4 January 2023:
(a) Pigment Blue 15:3 (CI 74160, EC No 205-685-1, CAS No 147-14-8);
(b) Pigment Green 7 (CI 74260, EC No 215-524-7, CAS No 1328-53-6).

5. If Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 is amended after 4 January 2021 to classify or re-classify a substance such that the substance then becomes caught by point (a), (b), (c) or (d) of paragraph 1 of this entry, or such that it then falls within a different one of those points from the one within which it fell previously, and the date of application of that now or revised classification in fifty the date referred to in paragraph 1 or as the case may be paragraph. plication of that new or revised classification is after the date referred to in paragraph 1 or, as the case may be, paragraph 4 of this entry, that amendment shall, for the purposes of applying this entry to that substance, be treated as taking effect on the date of application of that new or revised classification.

6. If Annex II or Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009 is amended after 4 January 2021 to list or change the listing of a substance such that the substance then becomes caught by point (e), (f) or (g) of paragraph 1 of this entry, or such that it then falls within a different one of those points from the one within which it fell previously, and the

amendment takes effect after the date referred to in paragraph 1 or, as the case may be, paragraph 4 of this entry, that amendment shall, for the purposes of applying this entry to that substance, be treated as taking effect from the date falling 18 months after entry into force of the act by which that amendment was made.

7. Suppliers placing a mixture on the market for use for tattooing purposes shall ensure that, after 4 January 2022, the mixture is marked with the following information:

(a) the statement "Mixture for use in tattoos or permanent make-up";

(a) the statement "Mixture for use in tattoos or permanent make-up";
(b) a reference number to uniquely identify the batch;
(c) the list of ingredients in accordance with the nomenclature established in the glossary of common ingredient names pursuant to Article 33 of Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, or in the absence of a common ingredient name, the IUPAC name. In the absence of a common ingredient name or IUPAC name, the CAS and EC number. Ingredients shall be listed in descending order by weight or volume of the ingredients at the time of formulation. "Ingredient" means any substance added during the process of formulation and present in the mixture for use for tattooing purposes. Impurities shall not be regarded as ingredients. If the name of a substance, used as ingredient within the meaning of this entry, is already required to be stated on the label in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, that ingredient does not need to be marked in accordance with this Regulation;
(d) the additional statement "pH regulator" for substances falling under point (d)(i) of paragraph 1;
(e) the statement "Contains nickel. Can cause allergic reactions." if the mixture contains nickel below the concentration limit specified in Appendix 13;

tion limit specified in Appendix 13

(f) the statement "Contains chromium (VI). Can cause allergic reactions." if the mixture contains chromium (VI) below the concentration limit specified in Appendix 13; (g) safety instructions for use insofar as they are not already required to be stated on the label by Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

The information shall be clearly visible, easily legible and marked in a way that is indelible.

The information shall be written in the official language(s) of the Member State(s) where the mixture is placed on the market, unless the Member State(s) concerned provide(s) otherwise.

Where necessary because of the size of the package, the information listed in the first subparagraph, except for point (a), shall be included instead in the instructions for use.

Before using a mixture for tattooing purposes, the person using the mixture shall provide the person undergoing the procedure with the information marked on the package or included in the instructions for use pursuant to this para-

graph. 8. Mixtures that do not contain the statement "Mixture for use in tattoos or permanent make-up" shall not be used for tattooing purposes.



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

ROTH

Lead(II) carbonate ≥98 %, p.a., ACS

article number: 2558

Legend

9. This entry does not apply to substances that are gases at temperature of 20 $^{\circ}$ C and pressure of 101,3 kPa, or generate a vapour pressure of more than 300 kPa at temperature of 50 $^{\circ}$ C, with the exception of formaldehyde (CAS No 50-00-0, EC No 200-001-8).

10. This entry does not apply to the placing on the market of a mixture for use for tattooing purposes, or to the use of a mixture for tattooing purposes, when placed on the market exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2017/745, or when used exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, within the same meaning. Where the placing on the market or use may not be exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, the requirements of Regulation (EU) 2017/745 and of this Regulation shall apply cumulatively.

List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV)/SVHC - candidate list

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

2012/	2012/18/EU (Seveso III)			
No	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower and upper-tier requirements	Notes	
E1	environmental hazards (hazardous to the aquatic environment, cat. 1)	100 200	56)	

Notation

56) Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in category Acute 1 or Chronic 1

Deco-Paint Directive

VOC content	0 % 0 ⁹ / ₁
	'

Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)

VOC content	0 %
VOC content	0 g/l

Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

not listed

Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

not listed

Water Framework Directive (WFD)

List of pollutants (WFD) Name of substance Name acc. to inventory CAS No Listed in Remarks Lead(II) carbonate lead compounds b) Lead(II) carbonate lead compounds 7439-92-1 c)

United Kingdom (en) Page 18 / 22

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)





Lead(II) carbonate ≥98 %, p.a., ACS

article number: 2558

List	٥f	noll	lutants	(WED)
LISL	UI	POI	lutaiits	(VVFD)

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Listed in	Remarks
Lead(II) carbonate	Substances and preparations, or the breakdown products of such, which have been proved to pos- sess carcinogenic or mutagenic properties or properties which may affect steroidogenic, thyroid, reproduction or other endocrine- related functions in or via the aquatic environment		a)	
Lead(II) carbonate	Metals and their compounds		a)	

Legend

A) B) C) Indicative list of the main pollutants

List of priority substances in the field of water policy

Environmental Quality Standards for Priority Substances and certain other pollutants

Regulation on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not listed

Regulation on drug precursors

not listed

Regulation on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)

not listed

Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

chemicals subject to the international prior informed consent (PIC) procedure (the 'PIC procedure').

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Category / subcategory	Use limita- tion
Lead(II) carbonate	lead compounds	598-63-0	i(2)	sr

Legend

i(2) Sub-category: i(2) - industrial chemical for public use

Use limitation: severe restriction (for the sub-category or sub-categories concerned) according to Union legislation

Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

not listed

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AICS	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed

United Kingdom (en) Page 19 / 22

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Lead(II) carbonate ≥98 %, p.a., ACS

article number: 2558

Country	Inventory	Status
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed

Legend

AICS CSCL-ENCS DSL ECSI

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
Domestic Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
National Inventory of Chemical Substances

KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg. REACH registered substances
TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

Toxic Substance Control Act

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Alignment to regulation: Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU

Restructuring: section 9, section 14

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.1		Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP): change in the listing (table)	yes
2.1	Remarks: For full text of Hazard- and EU Hazard-state- ments: see SECTION 16.		yes
2.1		The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects: Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure. Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.	yes
2.2		Pictograms: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.3	Other hazards: There is no additional information.	Other hazards	yes
2.3		Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.	yes

United Kingdom (en) Page 20 / 22

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Lead(II) carbonate ≥98 %, p.a., ACS

article number: 2558

©

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
98/24/EC	Council Directive on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de naviga- tion intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by In- land Waterways)
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
CLWR	Control of Lead at Work Regulations
CLWR-NIR	Control of Lead at Work Regulations (Northern Ireland)
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identi fier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
IOELV	Indicative occupational exposure limit value
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
OEL	Workplace exposure limit
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
SVHC	Substance of Very High Concern
TWA	Time-weighted average

United Kingdom (en) Page 21 / 22

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



Lead(II) carbonate ≥98 %, p.a., ACS

article number: 2558

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU.

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H360Df	May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

United Kingdom (en) Page 22 / 22