according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



date of compilation: 2019-06-18

Revision: 2021-11-16

#### Tributylamine ≥99 % for synthesis

article number: **4089** Version: **2.0 en** Replaces version of: 2019-06-18 Version: (1)

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance

Article number

Registration number (REACH)

**Tributylamine** ≥99 % for synthesis

4089

01-2119474898-14-xxxx, The substance/product is registered with strictly controlled conditions as defined in Article 18(4) of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH Regulation) and must therefore be handled as such.

EC number

203-058-7

CAS number

102-82-9

Isolated intermediate

## 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses:

Uses advised against:

Follow and fullfill the strictly controlled conditions for transported isolated intermediates according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 [REACH], article 18(4)

Do not use for squirting or spraying. Do not use for products which come into contact with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes (household).

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

**Telephone:**+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 **e-mail:** sicherheit@carlroth.de **Website:** www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data :Department Health, Safety and Environment sheet:

#### e-mail (competent person):

## sicherheit@carlroth.de

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
National Poisons Information Service City Hospital	Dudley Rd	B187QH Birmingham	844 892 0111	

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



## Tributylamine ≥99 % for synthesis

article number: 4089

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.10	Acute toxicity (oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) 4 Acute Tox. 4		H302
3.1D	1D Acute toxicity (dermal)		Acute Tox. 2	H310
3.1I	Acute toxicity (inhal.)	1	Acute Tox. 1	H330
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

## 2.2 Label elements

## Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Signal word Danger

Pictograms

GHS06



#### **Hazard statements**

H302	Harmful if swallowed
H310+H330	Fatal in contact with skin or if inhaled
H315	Causes skin irritation

#### **Precautionary statements**

#### **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

#### **Precautionary statements - response**

P301+P312	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

#### **Precautionary statements - storage**

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

#### Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml

Signal word: Danger

Symbol(s)



H310+H330 Fatal in contact with skin or if inhaled.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



### Tributylamine ≥99 % for synthesis

#### article number: 4089

P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily.

#### **Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.1 Substances	
----------------	--

Name of substance	Tributylamine
Molecular formula	C <sub>12</sub> H <sub>27</sub> N
Molar mass	185,4 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>mol</sub>
REACH Reg. No	01-2119474898-14-xxxx
CAS No	102-82-9
EC No	203-058-7

Substance, Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors, ATE				
Specific Conc. Limits	M-Factors	ATE	Exposure route	
-	-	420 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub> 195 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub> 0,5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h	oral dermal inhalation: vapour	

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures



#### **General notes**

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Self-protection of the first aider.

#### **Following inhalation**

Call a physician immediately. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

#### Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.

#### Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

#### **Following ingestion**

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Call a doctor.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



#### Tributylamine ≥99 % for synthesis

article number: 4089

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Vomiting, Irritation, Poisoning effect on central nervous system can cause convulsions, laboured breathing and loss of consciousness

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media



#### Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings water spray, dry extinguishing powder, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

#### Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full chemical protective clothing.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



#### For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray.

## 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



## Tributylamine ≥99 % for synthesis

article number: 4089

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Use extractor hood (laboratory). Handle and open container with care. Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

#### Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Thorough skin-cleansing after handling the product.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed.

#### Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

#### Consideration of other advice:

Store locked up.

#### Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted.

#### Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 – 25 °C

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **National limit values**

#### **Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)**

This information is not available.

#### Human health values

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels				
Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
DNEL	5,3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
DNEL	10,6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects
DNEL	15,2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



## Tributylamine ≥99 % for synthesis

#### article number: 4089

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels				
Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
DNEL	15,2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects

#### **Environmental values**

Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels					
End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time	
PNEC	8 <sup>µg</sup> /I	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)	
PNEC	0,8 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)	
PNEC	100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)	
PNEC	35,85 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)	
PNEC	3,59 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)	
PNEC	7,17 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)	

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

### Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

#### Eye/face protection



Use safety goggle with side protection.

#### Skin protection



#### hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

#### • type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

• material thickness

>0,3 mm

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### Tributylamine ≥99 % for synthesis



article number: 4089

#### • breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

#### • other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

#### **Respiratory protection**



Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65  $^{\circ}$ C, colour code: Brown).

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid
Colour	colourless
Odour	amine
Melting point/freezing point	<-90 °C (ECHA)
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	208 °C at 1.013 hPa (ECHA)
Flammability	this material is combustible, but will not ignite readily
Lower and upper explosion limit	1,4 vol% (LEL) - 6 vol% (UEL)
Flash point	75 °C at 1.013 hPa (ECHA)
Auto-ignition temperature	210 °C at 1.015 hPa (ECHA)
Decomposition temperature	not relevant
pH (value)	10,6 (in aqueous solution: 0,1 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub> , 20 °C)
Kinematic viscosity	1,793 <sup>mm²</sup> / <sub>s</sub> at 20 °C
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	0,08 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub> at 20 °C (ECHA)
Partition coefficient	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	3,338 (pH value: 9,35, 25 °C) (ECHA)
Soil organic carbon/water (log KOC)	4,65 (ECHA)
Vapour pressure	0,18 hPa at 20 °C

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

## Tributylamine ≥99 % for synthesis

article number: 4089



Density Relative vapour density	0,78 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>cm³</sub> at 20 °C 6,39 (air = 1)
Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)
Other safety parameters	
Oxidising properties	none
Other information	
Information with regard to physical hazard classes:	hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant
Other safety characteristics:	
Surface tension	55,7 <sup>mN</sup> / <sub>m</sub> (20 °C) (ECHA)
Temperature class (EU, acc. to ATEX)	T3 Maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment: 200°C

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1 Reactivity

9.2

This material is not reactive under normal ambient conditions.

#### If heated

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

## **10.3** Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser, Exothermic reaction with: Acids

## 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

aluminium, copper, bronze, brass, zinc

#### **10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



## Tributylamine ≥99 % for synthesis

#### article number: 4089

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

#### Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed. Fatal in contact with skin. Fatal if inhaled.

## Acute toxicity

Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
oral	LD50	420 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat		ECHA
inhalation: vapour	LC50	0,5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h	rat		ECHA
dermal	LD50	195 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rabbit		ECHA

## Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

#### **Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

#### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

## Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

## Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

#### • If swallowed

vomiting, nausea

#### • If in eyes

Data are not available.

#### • If inhaled

Data are not available.

• If on skin

causes skin irritation

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



#### Tributylamine ≥99 % for synthesis

article number: 4089

#### Other information

Other adverse effects: Poisoning effect on central nervous system can cause convulsions, laboured breathing and loss of consciousness

## **11.2** Endocrine disrupting properties

Not listed.

#### 11.3 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

#### Aquatic toxicity (acute)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
EC50	8 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	48 h
ErC50	10,1 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	ECHA	72 h

#### Aquatic toxicity (chronic)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	>10 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	ECHA	28 d

#### **Biodegradation**

The substance is readily biodegradable.

#### 12.2 Process of degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand with nitrification: 3,41 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>mg</sub> Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 3,107 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>mg</sub> Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 2,849 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>mg</sub>

Process of degradability		
Process	Degradation rate	Time
biotic/abiotic	80 %	28 d
carbon dioxide generation	2 %	5 d

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	3,338 (pH value: 9,35, 25 °C) (ECHA)
BCF	7,3 (ECHA)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



## Tributylamine ≥99 % for synthesis

#### article number: 4089

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

Henry's law constant	0,006 <sup>Pa m³</sup> / <sub>mol</sub> at 25 °C (ECHA)
The Organic Carbon normalised adsorption coefficient	4,65 (ECHA)

# 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

# 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not listed.

## 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### Waste treatment methods 13.1



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

#### Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

#### 13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process. Waste catalogue ordinance (Germany).

#### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number or ID number

14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	
	ICAO-TI	Tributylamine
	IMDG-Code	TRIBUTYLAMINE
	ADR/RID/ADN	TRIBUTYLAMINE
14.2	UN proper shipping name	
	ICAO-TI	UN 2542
	IMDG-Code	UN 2542
	ADR/RID/ADN	UN 2542

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



## Tributylamine ≥99 % for synthesis

article number: 4089

	ADR/RID/ADN	6.1
	IMDG-Code	6.1
	ICAO-TI	6.1
14.4	Packing group	
	ADR/RID/ADN	II
	IMDG-Code	II
	ICAO-TI	II
14.5	Environmental hazards	non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan- gerous goods regulations

## 14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

#### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

## 14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

# Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN) - Additional information

Proper shipping name	TRIBUTYLAMINE
Particulars in the transport document	UN2542, TRIBUTYLAMINE, 6.1, II, (D/E)
Classification code	T1
Danger label(s)	6.1
Special provisions (SP)	802(ADN)
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E4
Limited quantities (LQ)	100 ml
Transport category (TC)	2
Tunnel restriction code (TRC)	D/E
Hazard identification No	60
Emergency Action Code	3X
International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	(IMDG) - Additional information
Proper shipping name	TRIBUTYLAMINE
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN2542, TRIBUTYLAMINE, 6.1, II
Marine pollutant	-
Danger label(s)	6.1

Special provisions (SP)

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



## Tributylamine ≥99 % for synthesis

Excepted quantities (EQ)	E4
Limited quantities (LQ)	100 mL
EmS	F-A, S-A
Stowage category	A
International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-	IATA/DGR) - Additional information
Proper shipping name	Tributylamine
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN2542, Tributylamine, 6.1, II
Danger label(s)	6.1
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E4
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture 15.1 Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

#### **Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII**

ngerous substances with restrictions (REACH, Annex XVII)				
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Restriction	No
Tributylamine	this product meets the criteria for classification in accordance with Reg- ulation No 1272/2008/EC		R3	3
Tributylamine	substances in tattoo inks and perman- ent make-up		R75	75

#### Leaend R3

1. Shall not be used in:

- ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,

- tricks and jokes,

games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects,
Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.
Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or perfume, or both, if they

can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and

 present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with H304.
 Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation

(CEN). 5. Without prejudice to the implementation of other Union provisions relating to the classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following requirements are met

(a) lamp oils, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: "Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children"; and, by 1 December 2010, "Just a sip of lamp oil – or even sucking the wick of lamps – may lead to life-threatening lung damage";
(b) grill lighter fluids, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: 'Just a sip of grill lighter fluid may lead to life threatening lung damage';
(c) lamps oils and grill lighters, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in black opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010.';

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

## Tributylamine ≥99 % for synthesis



#### article number: 4089



1. Shall not be placed on the market in mixtures for use for tattooing purposes, and mixtures containing any such sub-stances shall not be used for tattooing purposes, after 4 January 2022 if the substance or substances in question is or are present in the following circumstances:

(a) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as carcinogen category (a) In the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as reproductive toxicant equal to or greater than 0,00005 % by weight;
(b) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as reproductive toxicant category 1A, 1B or 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,001 % by

weight;

(c) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as skin sensitiser cat-egory 1, 1A or 1B, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,001 % by weight;

(d) in the case of a substance classified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as skin corrosive cat-egory 1, 1A, 1B or 1C or skin irritant category 2, or as serious eye damage category 1 or eye irritant category 2, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than: (i) 0,1 % by weight, if the substance is used solely as a pH regulator

(ií) 0,01 % by weight, in all other cases;

(e) in the case of a substance listed in Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009 (\*1), the substance is present in the

(f) in the case of a substance in which a condition of one or more of the following kinds is specified in column g (Product type, Body parts) of the table in Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,00005 % by weight;

(ii) "Rinse-off products";
(ii) "Not to be used in products applied on mucous membranes";
(iii) "Not to be used in eye products";

(g) in the case of a substance for which a condition is specified in column h (Maximum concentration in ready for use preparation) or column i (Other) of the table in Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration, or in some other way, that does not accord with the condition specified in that column; (h) in the case of a substance listed in Appendix 13 to this Annex, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration. (n) In the case of a substance listed in Appendix 13 to this Annex, the substance is present in the mixture in a concentration equal to or greater than the concentration limit specified for that substance in that Appendix.
2. For the purposes of this entry use of a mixture "for tattooing purposes" means injection or introduction of the mixture into a person's skin, mucous membrane or eyeball, by any process or procedure (including procedures commonly referred to as permanent make-up, cosmetic tattooing, micro-blading and micro-pigmentation), with the aim of making a mark or design on his or her body.
3. If a substance not listed in Appendix 13 falls within more than one of points (a) to (g) of paragraph 1, the strictest concentration limit laid down in the points in question shall apply to that substance. If a substance listed in Appendix 13 also falls within one or more of points (a) to (g) of paragraph 1, the strictest in Appendix 13 also falls within one or more of points (a) to (g) of paragraph 1, the substance listed in Appendix 13 also falls within one or more of points (a) to (g) of paragraph 1, the substance listed in Appendix 13 also falls within one or more of points (a) to (g) of paragraph 1, the concentration limit laid down in point (h) of paragraph 1 shall apply to that substance.

A. By way of derogation, paragraph 1 shall not apply to the following substances until 4 January 2023:
(a) Pigment Blue 15:3 (CI 74160, EC No 205-685-1, CAS No 147-14-8);
(b) Pigment Green 7 (CI 74260, EC No 215-524-7, CAS No 1328-53-6).
5. If Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 is amended after 4 January 2021 to classify or re-classify a substance such that the substance then becomes caught by point (a), (b), (c) or (d) of paragraph 1 of this entry, or such that it then falls within a different one of those points from the one within which it fell previously, and the date of application of the paragraph 1 or substance then paragraph 1 or substance to paragraph 1 or substance then paragraph 1 or substance to paragraph 1 or su plication of that new or revised classification is after the date referred to in paragraph 1 or, as the case may be, para-graph 4 of this entry, that amendment shall, for the purposes of applying this entry to that substance, be treated as taking effect on the date of application of that new or revised classification. 6. If Annex II or Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009 is amended after 4 January 2021 to list or change the listing of a substance such that the substance then becomes caught by point (e), (f) or (g) of paragraph 1 of this entry, or such that it then falls within a different one of those points from the one within which it fell previously, and the amendment takes affect after the date referred to in paragraph 1 or as the case may be paragraph 4 of this entry.

amendment takes effect after the date referred to in paragraph 1 or, as the case may be, paragraph 4 of this entry, that amendment shall, for the purposes of applying this entry to that substance, be treated as taking effect from the date falling 18 months after entry into force of the act by which that amendment was made. 7. Suppliers placing a mixture on the market for use for tattooing purposes shall ensure that, after 4 January 2022, the mixture is marked with the following information: (a) the statement "Mixture for use in tattoos or permanent make-up"; (b) a reference number to uniquely identify the barch:

(a) the statement "Mixture for use in tattoos or permanent make-up";
(b) a reference number to uniquely identify the batch;
(c) the list of ingredients in accordance with the nomenclature established in the glossary of common ingredient names pursuant to Article 33 of Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009, or in the absence of a common ingredient name, the IUPAC name. In the absence of a common ingredient name or IUPAC name, the CAS and EC number. Ingredients shall be listed in descending order by weight or volume of the ingredients at the time of formulation. "Ingredient" means any substance added during the process of formulation and present in the mixture for use for tattooing purposes. Impurities shall not be regarded as ingredients. If the name of a substance, used as ingredient within the meaning of this entry, is already required to be stated on the label in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, that ingredient does not need to be marked in accordance with this Regulation;
(d) the additional statement "pH regulator" for substances falling under point (d)(i) of paragraph 1;
(e) the statement "Contains nickel. Can cause allergic reactions." if the mixture contains nickel below the concentration limit specified in Appendix 13;

tion limit specified in Appendix 13

(f) the statement "Contains chromium (VI). Can cause allergic reactions." if the mixture contains chromium (VI) below the concentration limit specified in Appendix 13; (g) safety instructions for use insofar as they are not already required to be stated on the label by Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

The information shall be clearly visible, easily legible and marked in a way that is indelible. The information shall be written in the official language(s) of the Member State(s) where the mixture is placed on the market, unless the Member State(s) concerned provide(s) otherwise. Where necessary because of the size of the package, the information listed in the first subparagraph, except for point (a), shall be included instead in the instructions for use.

Before using a mixture for tattooing purposes, the person using the mixture shall provide the person undergoing the procedure with the information marked on the package or included in the instructions for use pursuant to this para-

graph. 8. Mixtures that do not contain the statement "Mixture for use in tattoos or permanent make-up" shall not be used for tattooing purposes.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



#### article number: 4089

#### Legend

9. This entry does not apply to substances that are gases at temperature of 20 °C and pressure of 101,3 kPa, or generate a vapour pressure of more than 300 kPa at temperature of 50 °C, with the exception of formaldehyde (CAS No 50-00-0, EC No 200-001-8).

10. This entry does not apply to the placing on the market of a mixture for use for tattooing purposes, or to the use of a mixture for tattooing purposes, when placed on the market exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2017/745, or when used exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a accessory to a medical device, within the same meaning. Where the placing on the market or use may not be exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, within the same meaning. Where the placing on the market or use may not be exclusively as a medical device or an accessory to a medical device, the requirements of Regulation (EU) 2017/745 and of this Regulation shall apply cumulatively.

#### List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV)/SVHC - candidate list

Not listed.

#### **Seveso Directive**

2012/18/EU (Seveso III)				
Νο	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity plication of lower quire		Notes
H1	acute toxic (cat. 1)	5	20	40)

Notation

40) Category 1, all exposure routes

#### **Deco-Paint Directive**

VOC content	100 % , 776,8 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub>

#### Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)

VOC content	100 %
VOC content	776,8 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub>

# Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

not listed

# Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

not listed

Water Framework Directive (WFD)

not listed

#### Regulation on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not listed

#### **Regulation on drug precursors**

not listed

#### **Regulation on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)**

not listed

#### Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

not listed

#### **Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)**



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

# ® ROTH

## Tributylamine ≥99 % for synthesis

#### article number: 4089

#### not listed

#### **Other information**

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

## **National inventories**

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AICS	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed

#### Legend

AICS	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
CSCL-ENCS	List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
DSL	Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI	EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
INSQ	National Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECI	Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg.	REACH registered substances
TCSI	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act

### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Alignment to regulation: Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.1		Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP): change in the listing (table)	yes

Restructuring: section 9, section 14

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



## Tributylamine ≥99 % for synthesis

## article number: 4089

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.3	Other hazards: There is no additional information.	Other hazards: This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily.	yes
2.3		Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.	yes

# Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by In land Waterways)
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concern ing the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
ADR/RID/ADN	Agreements concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road/Rail/Inland Waterway (ADR/RID/ADN)
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Na tions
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



## Tributylamine ≥99 % for synthesis

#### article number: 4089

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LEL	Lower explosion limit (LEL)
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
РВТ	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regula- tions concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
SVHC	Substance of Very High Concern
UEL	Upper explosion limit (UEL)
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

#### Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU.

Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

#### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.

#### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.