acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Lead(II) acetate trihydrate ≥99,5 %, p.a., ACS, ISO

article number: P739 date of compilation: 2015-11-09 Version: **3.0 en** Revision: 2022-11-17

Replaces version of: 2021-08-10

Version: (2)



Product identifier 1.1

Identification of the substance **Lead(II) acetate trihydrate** ≥99,5 %, p.a., ACS,

ISO

Article number P739

EC number 612-031-2 CAS number 6080-56-4

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for products which come into contact

with foodstuffs. Do not use for private purposes

(household).

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone: +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data :Department Health, Safety and Environment

sheet:

e-mail (competent person): sicherheit@carlroth.de

1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
National Poisons Information Service City Hospital	Dudley Rd	B187QH Birmingham	844 892 0111	

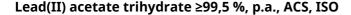
SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

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Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.7	Reproductive toxicity	1A	Repr. 1A	H360Df
3.9	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	2	STOT RE 2	H373
4.1A	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard	1	Aquatic Acute 1	H400
4.1C	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	1	Aquatic Chronic 1	H410

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure. Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling

Signal word Danger

Pictograms

GHS08, GHS09





Hazard statements

H360Df May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility

H373 May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, blood, immune system,

kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P273 Avoid release to the environment P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection

Precautionary statements - response

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell

For professional users only

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Name of substance Lead(II) acetate trihydrate

Molecular formula $Pb(CH_3COO)_2 \cdot 3 H_2O$

Molar mass 379,3 g/_{mol}
CAS No 6080-56-4
EC No 612-031-2

Substance of Very High Concern (SVHC)

Name of substance	CAS No	EC No	Listed in	Remarks
Lead(II) acetate trihydrate	301-04-2	206-104-4	Candidate list	Repr. A57c

Legend

candidate Substances meeting the criteria referred to in Article 57 and for eventual inclusion in Annex XIV

Repr. A57c Toxic for reproduction (article 57c)

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off contaminated clothing.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower.

Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following ingestion

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Diarrhoea, Vomiting, Nausea, Spasms

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings water, foam, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, ABC-powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non-combustible.

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide (CO₂), Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe dust.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically. Control of dust.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Use extractor hood (laboratory). Avoid exposure. Avoid dust formation.

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Removal of dust deposits.

Measures to protect the environment

Avoid release to the environment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities 7.2

Store in a dry place.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

Consideration of other advice:

Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 – 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 **Control parameters**

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifi- er	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
GB	dust		WEL	10			i	EH40/2005
GB	dust		WEL	4			r	EH40/2005

Notation

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur Inhalable fraction Ceiling-C

Respirable fraction

Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified) STEL

Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 **TWA**

hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

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Biological limit values



Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	Parameter	Nota tion	Identi- fier	Value	Material	Source
GB	lead compounds		lead	Pb- bio-2, Pb- med- 2, wmn< 45y	AL_NIR	250 μg/l	whole blood	CLWR- NIR
GB	lead compounds		lead	Pb- bio-2, Pb- med- 2, wmn< 45y	AL	250 μg/l	whole blood	CLWR
GB	lead compounds		lead	Pb- bio-2, Pb- med- 3, wmn> 45y, men	AL_NIR	400 μg/l	whole blood	CLWR- NIR
GB	lead compounds		lead	Pb- bio-2, Pb- med- 3, wmn> 45y, men	AL	400 μg/l	whole blood	CLWR
GB	lead compounds		lead	Pb- bio-2, Pb- med- 4, young	AL_NIR	500 μg/l	whole blood	CLWR- NIR
GB	lead compounds		lead	Pb- bio-2, Pb- med- 4, young	AL	500 μg/l	whole blood	CLWR

Ph-hio-2 Biological monitoring: (a) in respect of an employee other than a young person or a woman of reproductive capacity, at least every 6 months, but where the results of the measurements for individuals or for groups of workers have shown on the previous two consecutive occasions on which monitoring was carried out a lead in air exposure greater than 0.075 mg/m³ but less than 0.100 mg/m³ and where the blood-lead concentration of any individual employee is less than 30 µg/dl, the frequency of monitoring may be reduced to once a year; or (b) in respect of any young person or a woman of reproductive capacity, at such intervals as the relevant doctor shall specify, be-

ing not greater than 3 months

Medical surveillance: in respect of a woman of reproductive capacity, 20 g/dl (blood-lead concentration) or 20 g Pb/g creatinine (urinary lead concentration) Medical surveillance: in respect of any other employee, 35 µg/dl (blood-lead concentration) or 40 µg Pb/g creatin-Ph-med-2

Pb-med-3 ine (urinary lead concentration)

suspension level: in respect of a woman of reproductive capacity, 60 μg/dl (blood-lead concentration) or 110 μg Pb/g creatinine (urinary lead concentration)

Medical surveillance: in respect of any other employee, 35 μ g/dl (blood-lead concentration) or 40 μ g Pb/g creatinine (urinary lead concentration) suspension level: in respect of a young person, 50 μ g/dl (blood-lead concentration) or 110 μ g Pb/g creatinine (urinary level: in respect of a young person, 50 μ g/dl (blood-lead concentration) or 110 μ g Pb/g creatinine (urinary level: in respect of a young person, 50 μ g/dl (blood-lead concentration) or 110 μ g Pb/g creatinine (urinary level: in respect of any other employee, 35 μ g/dl (blood-lead concentration) or 110 μ g Pb/g creatinine (urinary level: in respect of any other employee, 35 μ g/dl (blood-lead concentration) or 110 μ g Pb/g creatinine (urinary level: in respect of any other employee, 35 μ g/dl (blood-lead concentration) or 110 μ g Pb/g creatinine (urinary level: in respect of a young person, 50 μ g/dl (blood-lead concentration) or 110 μ g Pb/g creatinine (urinary level: in respect of a young person, 50 μ g/dl (blood-lead concentration) or 110 μ g Pb/g creatinine (urinary level: in respect of a young person, 50 μ g/dl (blood-lead concentration) Ph-med-4

inary lead concentration)

wmn<45y Women of reproductive capacity (women < 45 years)

wmn>45ý, Women of non-reproductive capacity, men (women > 45 years)

men Adolescents (young person < 18 years) young

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8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection





Use safety goggle with side protection.

Skin protection





hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

type of material

NBR (Nitrile rubber)

material thickness

>0,11 mm

· breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Respiratory protection





Respiratory protection necessary at: Dust formation. Particulate filter device (EN 143). P2 (filters at least 94 % of airborne particles, colour code: White).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state solid

Form powder, crystalline

Colour white
Odour stinging

Melting point/freezing point 75 °C (Release of crystal water) (ECHA)

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling not determined

range

Flammability non-combustible
Lower and upper explosion limit not determined
Flash point not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature not determined

Decomposition temperature 200 °C (ECHA)

pH (value) 5,5 – 6,5 (in aqueous solution: $50 \, ^{9}$ /_I, $20 \, ^{\circ}$ C)

Kinematic viscosity not relevant

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility 443 g/l at 20 °C (ECHA)

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): -0,17 (ECHA)

Vapour pressure not determined

Density and/or relative density

Density $2,55 \, \mathrm{g/_{cm^3}}$ at 20 °C

Relative vapour density information on this property is not available

Bulk density ~1.200 kg/_{m³}

Particle characteristics No data available.

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties none

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant

Other safety characteristics: There is no additional information.

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material is not reactive under normal ambient conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: strong oxidiser, Strong alkali, **Danger of explosion:** Bromates, Phenol, Strong acid

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat. Decompostion takes place from temperatures above: 200 °C.

10.5 Incompatible materials

iron, Steel

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Acute toxicity

Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
oral	LD50	5.610 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat		ECHA
oral	LD50	4.665 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat		ECHA
dermal	LD50	>2.000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat		ECHA

Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.

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Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, blood, immune system, kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Hazard category	Target organ	Exposure route
2	central nervous system	if exposed
2	blood	if exposed
2	immune system	if exposed
2	kidney	if exposed

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

Data are not available.

• If in eyes

Data are not available.

• If inhaled

Data are not available.

If on skin

Data are not available.

Other information

Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhoea, Abdominal pain, Spasms, Vertigo, Headache, Irreversible damage to internal organs, Central nervous system

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not listed.

11.3 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

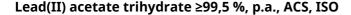
12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)					
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time	
EC50	2,7 ^{mg} / _l	daphnia magna		48 h	
LC50	596,8 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	ECHA	48 h	
ErC50	123 ^{µg} / _l	algae	ECHA	72 h	

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Aquatic toxicity (chronic)							
Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time			
ErC50	388 ^{µg} / _I	algae	ECHA	2 d			

Biodegradation

The substance is readily biodegradable. The methods for determining the biological degradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

12.2 Process of degradability

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: $0,2952 \frac{mg}{mg}$ Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: $0,4641 \frac{mg}{mg}$

Process of degradability	rocess of degradability					
Process	Degradation rate	Time				
DOC removal	90 %	3 d				

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	-0,17 (ECHA)
---------------------------	--------------

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not listed.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

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13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

HP 5 specific target organ toxicity (STOT)/aspiration toxicity

HP 10 toxic for reproduction

HP 14 ecotoxic

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADRRID UN 1616
IMDG-Code UN 1616
ICAO-TI UN 1616

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADRRID LEAD ACETATE

IMDG-Code LEAD ACETATE

ICAO-TI Lead acetate

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADRRID 6.1 IMDG-Code 6.1 ICAO-TI 6.1

14.4 Packing group

ADRRID III
IMDG-Code III
ICAO-TI III

14.5 Environmental hazards hazardous to the aquatic environment

14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

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Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN) - Additional information

Proper shipping name LEAD ACETATE

Particulars in the transport document UN1616, LEAD ACETATE, 6.1, III, (E), environment-

ally hazardous

Classification code T5

Danger label(s) 6.1, "Fish and tree"

Environmental hazards YES (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Special provisions (SP) 802(ADN)

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1 Limited quantities (LQ) 5 kg 2 Transport category (TC) Tunnel restriction code (TRC) Ε Hazard identification No 60 **Emergency Action Code** 2Z

Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID)Additional information

Classification code T5

Danger label(s) 6.1

Fish and tree

Environmental hazards

Hazardous to water

Special provisions (SP) 802(ADN)

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1 Limited quantities (LQ) 5 kg **Transport category (TC)** 2 **Hazard identification No** 60

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name LEAD ACETATE

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1616, LEAD ACETATE, 6.1, III, MARINE POLLUT-

ANT

Marine pollutant yes (P) (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 6.1, "Fish and tree"



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Special provisions (SP)

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1

Limited quantities (LQ) 5 kg

EmS F-A, S-A

Stowage category A

Segregation group 7 - Heavy metals and their salts

9 - Lead and its compounds

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Proper shipping name Lead acetate

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1616, Lead acetate, 6.1, III

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 6.1

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1

Limited quantities (LQ) 10 kg

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

Seveso Directive

2012/	2012/18/EU (Seveso III)							
No	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower and upper-tier requirements		Notes				
E1	environmental hazards (hazardous to the aquatic environment, cat. 1)	100	200	56)				

Notation

56) Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in category Acute 1 or Chronic 1

Deco-Paint Directive

VOC content	0 % 0 ^g / ₁
-------------	--------------------------------------

Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)

VOC content	0 %
VOC content	0 ^g / _l

Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

not listed

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Regulation concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)

not listed

Water Framework Directive (WFD)

List of	pollutants	(WFD)
LISCOI	poliutalits	(VVI D)

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Listed in	Remarks
Lead(II) acetate trihydrate	lead compounds		b)	
Lead(II) acetate trihydrate	lead compounds	7439-92-1	c)	
Lead(II) acetate trihydrate	Substances and preparations, or the breakdown products of such, which have been proved to pos- sess carcinogenic or mutagenic properties or properties which may affect steroidogenic, thyroid, reproduction or other endocrine- related functions in or via the aquatic environment		a)	
Lead(II) acetate trihydrate	Metals and their compounds		a)	

Legend

A) B)

Indicative list of the main pollutants List of priority substances in the field of water policy Environmental Quality Standards for Priority Substances and certain other pollutants

Regulation on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not listed

Regulation on drug precursors

not listed

Regulation on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)

not listed

Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

chemicals subject to the international prior informed consent (PIC) procedure (the 'PIC procedure').

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Wt%	Category / subcat- egory	Use limita- tion
Lead(II) acetate trihydrate	lead compounds		100	i(2)	sr

Legend

Sub-category: i(2) - industrial chemical for public use

Use limitation: severe restriction (for the sub-category or sub-categories concerned) according to Union legislation

Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

not listed

National regulations(GB)

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List of substances subject to authorisation (GB REACH, Annex 14) / SVHC - candidate list

Substance of Very High Concern (SVHC) acc. to GB REACH and HSE

Name of substance	CAS No	Listed in	Remarks
Lead(II) acetate trihydrate	301-04-2	Candidate list	Repr. A57c

Legend

Substances meeting the criteria referred to in Article 57 and for eventual inclusion in Annex XIV candidate

Repr. A57c Toxic for reproduction (Article 57c)

Restrictions according to GB REACH, Annex 17

Dangerous substances with restrictions (GB REACH, Annex 17)

Name of substance Name acc. to inventory CAS No		No	
Lead(II) acetate trihydrate toxic for reproduction			30
Lead(II) acetate trihydrate Lead compounds		63	
Lead(II) acetate trihydrate	Lead compounds		72

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed

Legend

AIIC

CSCL-ENCS DSL ECSI

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
Domestic Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China

NZIoC

Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)

REACH Reg. REACH registered substances TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

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acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

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No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.2		Hazard statements: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2	Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: Signal word: Danger		yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes
14.8	Particulars in the transport document: UN1616, LEAD ACETATE, (Lead(II) acetate tri- hydrate), 6.1, III, (E), environmentally hazardous	Particulars in the transport document: UN1616, LEAD ACETATE, 6.1, III, (E), environ- mentally hazardous	yes
14.8		Regulations concerning the International Car- riage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID)Addition- al information	yes
14.8		Classification code: T5	yes
14.8		Danger label(s): 6.1 Fish and tree	yes
14.8		Danger label(s): change in the listing (table)	yes
14.8		Environmental hazards: Yes Hazardous to water	yes
14.8		Special provisions (SP): 802(ADN)	yes
14.8		Excepted quantities (EQ): E1	yes
14.8		Limited quantities (LQ): 5 kg	yes
14.8		Transport category (TC): 2	yes
14.8		Hazard identification No: 60	yes
14.8	Particulars in the shipper's declaration: UN1616, LEAD ACETATE, (Lead(II) acetate tri- hydrate), 6.1, III, MARINE POLLUTANT	Particulars in the shipper's declaration: UN1616, LEAD ACETATE, 6.1, III, MARINE POL- LUTANT	yes

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Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
14.8	Particulars in the shipper's declaration: UN1616, Lead acetate, (Lead(II) acetate tri- hydrate), 6.1, III	Particulars in the shipper's declaration: UN1616, Lead acetate, 6.1, III	yes
15.1	Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII		yes
15.1		Dangerous substances with restrictions (REACH, Annex XVII): change in the listing (table)	yes
15.1	List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV)/SVHC - candidate list		yes
15.1		Substance of Very High Concern (SVHC): change in the listing (table)	yes
15.1		Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC): change in the listing (table)	yes
15.1		National regulations(GB)	yes
15.1		List of substances subject to authorisation (GB REACH, Annex 14) / SVHC - candidate list	yes
15.1		Substance of Very High Concern (SVHC) acc. to GB REACH and HSE: change in the listing (table)	yes
15.1		Restrictions according to GB REACH, Annex 17	yes
15.1		Dangerous substances with restrictions (GB REACH, Annex 17): change in the listing (table)	yes
15.1		Other information: Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations	
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de naviga- tion intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by In- land Waterways)	
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)	
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)	
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value	
CLWR	Control of Lead at Work Regulations	
CLWR-NIR	Control of Lead at Work Regulations (Northern Ireland)	
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)	
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval	

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations	
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)	
EH40/2005	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-li- cence/)	
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances	
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances	
EmS	Emergency Schedule	
ErC50	= EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control	
GB REACH	The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/758 (as amended)	
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations	
HSE	Health and Safety Executive	
IATA	International Air Transport Association	
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)	
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization	
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air	
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval	
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval	
NLP	No-Longer Polymer	
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals	
Repr.	Reproductive toxicity	
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)	
STEL	Short-term exposure limit	
TWA	Time-weighted average	
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds	
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative	
WEL	Workplace exposure limit	

Key literature references and sources for data

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

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List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H360Df	May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.
H373	May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, blood, immune system, kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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